YΡ

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WRITTEN BY		April 14, 2022	

REVISION HISTORY					
NUMBER	DATE	DESCRIPTION	NAME		

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Chapter 1

YP

1.1 YP - The YAFA animation player

YP - The YAFA animation player v1.02 (Mon 24-Aug-98) Introduction Requirements Usage Technical stuff YAFA file format Wildfire Problems/History Copyright/Disclaimer Author

1.2 YP/Introduction

The program YP is a player for YAFA animation files. It has some features that let your AMIGA become a real multimedia machine: -play directly from disk or preload the complete animation for maximum playback speed -can use all

```
AGA and CyberGraphics
screenmodes
-has a special
batch file mode
(for LARGE anim shows!)
-can play frame-synchronous sound effects (ProTracker modules, 8SVX samples)
-performance-relevant routines are coded and carefully optimized in ASM
(like C2P, Delta-decompression, RGB-to-8bit
rendering
etc.)
```

1.3 YP/Requirements

Hardware

-MC68020 or higher -AGA chipset and/or graphics card -recommended: FastRAM, HardDisk

Software

```
-AmigaOS V39 (3.0) or higher
-xpkmaster.library and compressors (LIBS:compressors/xpk????.library)
if XPK compressed
YAFA
animations are to be played
-CyberGraphics V40+ or Picasso96
```

1.4 YP/Usage

Display types Shell start Workbench start Batch mode Runtime control

1.5 YP/Usage/Shell start

When launched from shell YP has two modes of operation:

- 1) YP <YAFA file> [options]
- 2) YP -batch <batch file> [general options]

For details about the batch mode look here . The options are not case-sensitive, and also the order of options and anim filename on the command line is not important. If you type 'yp -h' or 'yp ?' then YP prints the list of available options. Another handy thing is the ASL filerequester that opens if there is something wrong with the specified YAFA file (if there was no name given or if it was misspelled or if the file is no YAFA anim). The shell options can be divided into three sections: General options The general options let you choose a type of display and other modes that influence the behavior of YP for the complete time it is running. -pubscr (or -ps) <name> -modeID (or -mid) <hex number or 'req'> -info (or -i) -wait (or -w) -waitd (or -wd) -verbose (or -v) -stats (or -st) -nodeactivate (or -nd) -fastblit (or -fb) -scale (or -sc) -noborders (or -nb) -windowleft (or -wl) -windowtop (or -wt)

```
-noinput
                  (or -ni)
                 -fastXPK
                  (or -fx)
Animation options
The animation options are used to set buffer sizes and other things that
are specific for each animation.
                 -firstframe
                  (or -ff) <number>
                 -lastframe
                  (or -lf) <number>
                 -speed
                  (or -s) <number>
                 -framespersecond
                  (or -fps) <number>
                -buffers
                  (or -b) <number>
                -asyncbuff
                  (or -ab) <number>
                 -caching
                  (or -c)
                 -loadall
                  (or -1)
                 -zoom
                  (or -z)
                 -dither
                  (or -d)
                 -gray
                  (or -g)
                 -discretergb
                  (or -drgb)
                 -discretergb2
                  (or -drgb2)
                 -ham8
                  (or -h8)
                 -ham6
                  (or -h6)
```

```
Sound options
```

The sound options are used to make some noise while the anims are played.

1.6 YP/Usage/Workbench start

YP can be launched from Workbench either directly via its own icon ↔ or via the "Default Tool"-field of an anim's icon.

All

shell options are usable as ToolTypes. The ToolTypes-parsing is not case-sensitive, the leading "-" must be omitted and the long versions of the options keywords must be used. (eg. "fastxpk" instead of "-fx" in the shell)

It is possible to pass several anims to YP at once using the Multiselectfeature of Workbench (hold SHIFT key, single-click anim icons, double-click YP icon). The anims are played one after each other like in batch mode

1.7 YP/Usage/Runtime control

While YP is running it can be controlled via some keystrokes: F1..F10 set playback speed Space pause/continue s sleep n next anim (in batch mode) Return single frame steps (continue with Space) Help frame numbers on/off Esc/LMB exit

1.8 YP/Usage/Display types

From v0.98 (Sun 21-Sep-97) on YP also supports CyberGraphics. This ↔ has been requested by so many users that I couldn't refuse to implement it any longer. However, since I only have a good old A1200 (sigh) I had to code this without being able to test it for myself, but I've been told by some brave Beta-testers that it works quite well now. AGA

```
CyberGfx
("+" means PRO, "-" means CONTRA in those lists)
```

1.9 YP/Usage/Display types/AGA

```
AGA.0.) General
  +tested and improved during the last years
  +sophisticated code for maximum performance
  +fast and reliable "double buffering" (flickering impossible)
  +support for all YAFA anim subtypes
  -maximum display depth 8 bit (requires
                rendering
                 of "deep" anims)
  -slow ChipRAM
AGA.1.) Hardware screen (used by default)
 uses low-level code accessing the AGA hardware directly
  +optional realtime 2x2 zooming (options
                -zoom
                 and
                -dither
                )
  +additional speedup if width is a multiple of 64 (128, 192, 256 or 320)
  +horizontal and vertical centering
  +no additional software needed (eg. monitor drivers)
  -unflexible (fixed screen resolution (LoRes) and OverScan position)
  -screen dimensions limited to 352x290 (or 176x145 in 2x2 mode)
AGA.2.) OS screen (option
                -modeID
                )
 uses low-level OS routines (graphics.library)
  +any AGA monitor driver and resolution usable
  +horizontal and vertical centering
  -AGA specific code may be incompatible with future OS versions
  -playback speed depends on video frequency (see also
                -fps
                )
AGA.3.) Public screen window (option
                -pubscr
                )
  +uses CIA timer as pacemaker (always at a base frequency of 50Hz)
  -really slow
  -flickering due to impossibility of "double buffering"
```

1.10 YP/Usage/Display types/CyberGfx

CyberGfx.0.) General +faster playback of CHUNKY anims (no C2P-conversion necessary)

```
+supports any graphics card and resolution through the CyberGfx system
 +uses CIA timer as pacemaker (always at a base frequency of 50Hz)
  -synchronisation between anim player and video output is impossible
  which means that no "double buffering" can be done (beware of flickering!)
 custom screen (option
                -modeID
                )
 +standard Intuition screen (draggable, foreground/background etc.)
 +horizontal centering
 public screen (option
                -pubscr
                )
 +window appears on already open screen (eg. Workbench)
the playback works basically the same way on a custom or public screen,
but regarding to how it
                technically
                 works it is more important to
 differentiate between 8bit and 15/16/24bit deep screens.
CyberGfx.1.) 8bit screen
 +support for all YAFA anim subtypes
 -anims with "dynamic" palette (palette-per-frame) can show some very
  bad flickering. this problem is related to the missing "double buffering"
  and can not be fixed at the moment! (use 15/16/24bit screens instead)
 -requires
                rendering
                 of "deep" anims
CyberGfx.2.) 15/16/24bit screen
 +no flickering (even with "dynamic" palette)
 +also supports HAM6 and HAM8 anims
```

1.11 YP/Usage/Batch mode

The batch mode is a unique feature that allows a sequence of anims ↔ to be played as if they were one large anim. All specified anim files are opened and initialized at program start so that they can be played without a visible gap between each other.

Batch files have the same structure as the command line in single anim mode (but without the program name 'YP' of course!), each line contains a YAFA file name and corresponding anim options, sound options may also be specified here (appended to any of the lines).

-currently NO support for PLANAR anims (sorry, but I'm a little lazy...)

batch file example Infect! & WK-Artworks have produced some big anim demos that use $\, \longleftrightarrow \, {\rm YP's} \,$

outstanding performance:

DATAWORLD -released at The Party 1995 WILD SUMMER -released at The Summer Party 1996 DATAWORLD 2 -released at The Party 1996

These demos are available on Aminet and on several CD-ROM publications.

1.12 YP/Technical stuff

Making it efficient Protecting the 'illegal' display against Intuition Built-in XPK routines How to play 'deep' anims on 8bit displays Implementation of CyberGraphics support

1.13 YP/Technical stuff/Making it efficient

Making it efficient

YP is programmed in C (gcc 2.7.0). The most CPU-intensive routines (such as C2P, planar image zooming, Delta-decompression) are coded and carefully optimized in assembler (ASM-One 1.30).

The 'realtime system' in YP has been developed during the last few months. It is based on a VBlank interrupt for counting the speed values and switching the screen buffers, a SoftInterrupt for transferring the frame from the load buffer to the screen buffer (doing C2P, Delta-decompression etc.) and the OS process itself for loading the frames using asynchronous I/O (sends DOS packets to the filesystem).

I spent quite a lot of time on optimizing the player, and I think I nearly reached the limit now. The major bottleneck is the slooooow Chip-RAM which makes it impossible to play large anims (eg. 640x480x8) at high speed. But this doesn't hurt too much as I think it is simply unreasonable to deal with animations of that size on today's AMIGAs (I'm talking about full screen action and not static presentations or titling).

A friend of mine has a 68060 with lots of Fast-RAM and a fast HD, and he can play 'Dataworld' at 78fps on his A1200! So don't lament that YP runs too slow on your machine...

1.14 YP/Technical stuff/Protecting the 'illegal' display against Intuition

Protecting the 'illegal' display against Intuition

The 'hardware-display' is a method normally used in demos: switch off multitasking and bang in your own copperlists. The 'gfxlib-display' of YP is also not very system conform, it is made with MakeVPort() and MrgCop(), and then comes LoadView() and makes it visible.

These methods are quite efficient because they are on a very 'low level' in the system software. The problem is that YP can't disable the multitasking

OS since it has to make use of it for loading and playing. But when the OS is running other tasks can open screens, or the user could switch the screens using <LCommand M>. This would definitely kill YP's display! I experimented a while and found a good way to prevent other tasks from destroying the 'illegal' display: YP installs it's own input handler at a high priority that 'eats' all inputs, and LockIBase() makes it impossible for Intuition to do anything. This works fine as far as I have tested it, no screen blanker has a chance when YP is running :-) Of course YP can't use Intuition itself when it has locked IBase, so one has to be very careful when using the -executable

```
option.
```

1.15 YP/Technical stuff/How to play 'deep' anims on 8bit displays

How to play 'deep' anims on 8bit displays

The task of 'color reduction' or 'rendering' is everything but trivial. Image processing programs usually offer a number of sophisticated algorithms which incorporate histograms and several kinds of dithering. Everybody who has ever rendered images this way knows that it can take quite a while and is surely not suitable for realtime rendering in animation players. There are numerous ways to render in realtime, take a closer look at your favourite MPEG or QT/AVI player to find some more or less useful ones.

YP offers several rendering methods to let you choose high speed or high quality:

332 Quantization This quick'n'simple way to reduce the color resolution is used by default. The RGB components are cropped to 3 (R and G) or 2 bits (B) and are then put together to yield 8 bit pixels.

The result looks rather poor, but it's really fast and gives you an idea of how the anim should look like.

Gray
This one is selected by the option
 -gray
 . The RGB components are added
using 'luminance weights'. All major color television standards use these
weights (30% Red, 59% Green, 11% Blue) which result from the different
sensitivity of the human eye for light of these three colors.
YP's conversion routines use slightly different weights which has technical
reasons and is by the way hardly visible. (3/8 Red, 4/8 Green, 1/8 Blue,
note how easily they can be calculated with a few add and shift operations)
The result looks really good, the routines are as fast as the '332' ones,
but there are no colors at all! :-)
Discrete RGB
This one is selected by the option

-drgb . The RGB components are displayed as separate pixels on screen. The 256 pens are divided into three sections according to the 'luminance weights': 3/8=96 pens Red, 4/8=128 pens Green, 1/8=32 pens Blue. Note the increased color resolution, there could be

96*128*32=393216 colors on screen simultaneously! The main disadvantage of this method is the reduced lateral resolution. Since two Truecolor pixels appear as six pixels on screen the routines have to skip every third pixel horizontally and every second vertically. The result looks quite good, the routines are about as fast as the above mentioned ones, but there are less details visible. Discrete RGB 2 This one is selected by the option -drab2 . It is basically the same as the 'Discrete RGB' above. The difference here is that all Truecolor pixels are actually displayed which makes the screen four times as large as the anim frames (double width and height). The larger screen dimensions can be compensated by simply selecting a higher resolution (using -modeID). The results are amazing, higher screen resolutions give much better colors because of smaller RGB component pixels, and there is no loss of details! The downside is that the larger screen requires a lot more CPU time (mostly for Chunky2Planar) resulting in a noticable slowdown. HAM8 18bit-RGB This one is selected by the option -ham8 . It displays the RGB components using the "Hold And Modify" feature of the AGA chipset. For each Truecolor pixel appear four pixels on screen, three for setting the color with an accuracy of 6 bits per component (262144 colors visible), the fourth pixel is only to make the screen four instead of three times as wide as the original image because this can be compensated by using a "Super-High Res" screenmode, which makes the screen look exactly like "Low Res". This renderer provides the highest quality possible for the AGA chipset! But nothing's for free: it is quite slow because of the four times larger screen (like Discrete RGB 2), and the suitable "Super-High Res" modes are not available for "double-scan" monitor drivers (MULTISCAN etc). HAM6 12bit-RGB This one is selected by the option -ham6 . It displays the RGB components using the "Hold And Modify" feature of the AGA chipset, the principle is the same as in the above mentioned HAM8 method. The color components are set with 4 bits accuracy so there can be 4096 colors on screen. The rendering quality is of course worse than HAM8 but it comes with a major speed increase that is mainly due to the optimized

single-pass conversion routines.

1.16 YP/Technical stuff/Implementation of CyberGraphics support

Implementation of CyberGraphics support

After I had a look at some CyberGfx docs and example programs I've found out that it's not difficult at all.

8bit CyberGfx screens are nothing special to YP. Planar anims are put into the window using BltBitMapRastPort() thus possibly making use of special P2C hardware of the graphics card. Chunky anims are visualized using WritePixelArray8() which is pretty fast because no conversion has to be done. Deep anims are rendered down to 8bit-chunky pixels by one of the render routines that are also used for AGA screens.

For 15/16/24bit deep screens I decided to use WritePixelArray() with 24bit (RECTFMT_RGB) input data. This method allows a very general implementation in the player leaving all the hardware specific work to the CyberGfx system. In order to show any kind of YAFA anim this way I wrote some routines in ASM that convert 8bit-chunky, HAM6, HAM8 and 15bit-RGB to 24bit-RGB.

The timing is done with CIA-A timer A (level 2 IRQ) because I've read that the VBlank IRQ doesn't work for CyberGfx screens. The program allocates the timer for exclusive use with "ciaa.resource/AddICRVector()" and sets it up on a 50Hz loop. This method is very stable and accurate and has only little overhead unlike the use of timer.device for instance. Unfortunately it also means that you can't launch YP more than once at a time.

1.17 YP/YAFA file format

The animation file format YAFA is a try to develop a new standard $\, \leftrightarrow \,$ that is

able to supersede IFF-ANIM. The strength of YAFA lies in the great variety of compression options which makes it easy to adapt anim files to certain requirements. Massive compression using XPK may be the goal of the user of a fast machine, while the user of a slower computer prefers faster playback at the cost of less compression. Delta-compression like it is used in IFF-ANIM and YAFA is useful for 'static camera and some flying objects'-like animations, but it gains nothing at 'crazy camera flight through a tunnel'-like animations. IFF-ANIM offers no alternative here, but with YAFA you can choose among the lots of XPK packers

that are available. When it comes to maximizing XPK compression ratios the option to store the frames as chunky images is another switch to try.

YAFA features:

-planar or chunky frames 1-8bit deep (2-256 colors, HAM6, HAM8) -15 or 24bit chunky RGB frames -optional timecode-per-frame -optional palette-per-frame -optional Delta-compression -optional XPK-compression -annotations (similar to ANNO in IFF-8SVX)

Software developers!

The YAFA anim file format can be the replacement of IFF-ANIM. Please consider implementing YAFA loaders/savers in your animation software in order to make YAFA more popular and easier to handle. There is a documentation on the YAFA file format available on Aminet: docs/misc/YAFA-doc.lha For further help and support you are welcome to contact me

1.18 YP/Wildfire

Wildfire - where dreams become virtuality

A Special Effect Program and many more

Wildfire is not only another brandnew image-processing-program - it's a professional animation-processor with some really new concepts.

It allows you for example the creation and processing of animations in several formats, the generation of time-dependant special-effects and the design of large projects containing several animations and frame-synchronized sound-effects.

Because the common animation-formats on the Amiga have too many lacks or restrictions we have tried to create a better one: YAFA. This animation-format for example features many compression-methods and realtime-zooming.

One of the outstanding features of Wildfire is the fact that it makes for you no difference if you apply changes to a whole animation or if you process only one image. A single image is only a very special case of an animation.

In contrary to common image-processors you can use envelopes instead of plain numbers as effect-parameters. This makes the easy creation of time-dependant special-effects possible. So you haven't to fight against the "do"-loops in an ARexx-script to get an animation outside your image-processor anymore.

All of the numerous effects can be arranged in any number and combination. Because the output of any of these effects can be one of the 8 tempory-buffers Wildfire allows you to PROGRAM IMAGES in an comfortable way !

Main Features:

-fast and comfortable Converter: input: YAFA, ANIM5/7/8, mpeg, image-sequences output: YAFA, ANIM5/7/8, image-sequences

-Preview for almost any operation

-Project-Editor which allows the creation of large and complicated projects easily using the mouse

-Effect-Generator featuring time-dependant parameters via envelopes

-a stunning library of effect-PlugIns -some really new effects, real 3D-effects -(un)loading of PlugIns at any time -Envelope-Editor -Timecodes-Editor -Transition-Maker for easy creation of transitions between two animations -easy-to-use Player-interface -Filmstrips to simplify the perfect timing of huge projects -AnimInfo-function displaying size-profiles etc. -fontsensitive GUI without MUI -internal gadget-toolbox which handles mathematical expressions instead of only plain numbers -calculator which allows for example the export of user-defined symbols to the gadgets in the whole-program -Drag&Go (using drag.gadget 0.2 Copyright © 1996 Jörg Kollmann, see bonus drawer!) -ARexx-port with about 400 commands -macros, custom-windows, docks -import of images from other programs -Developer-Kit (with working example) which allows you to create your own effect-PlugIns -and many more

Wildfire is SHAREWARE and can be downloaded from Aminet. (gfx/edit)

1.19 YP/Problems and History

Known problems -AGA custom screen can flicker badly with palette-per-frame if the screen height is near the visible limit (no idea how to fix this, sorry) -CyberGfx 8bit screen flickers with palette-per-frame anims (this can't be changed! choose a deep screen (15/16/24bit) instead) -player window is much too large on a deep CyberGfx screen when the option

-drgb2

is specified (simply omit that option, it's useless here)

```
-PLANAR YAFA anims don't play on CyberGfx 15/16/24bit screens
   (yes, there are still some routines (such as P2C) missing)
  -there is a hidden part in this documentation, try "Help"
History
v1.02 (Mon 24-Aug-98)
 -minor optimisations of the C2P routines
 -oops, the bugfix in v1.01 broke the
                -wait
                 option
 -added
                -fastXPK
                 unpacking routine for xpkMASH (V1.98)
 -added HAM6 renderer for playing 15/24bit anims on AGA
  (option
                -ham6
                ; 12bit RGB emulation)
v1.01 (Sun 22-Feb-98)
 bugfixes:
 -YP crashed when used together with VMM
  (memory allocations are now made with MEMF_PUBLIC to avoid this)
 -under certain circumstances YP could quit right after opening
  its display without playing the anim
v1.00 (Thu 19-Feb-98)
 -added HAM8 renderer for playing 15/24bit anims on AGA
   (option
                -ham8
                ; 18bit-RGB emulation for highest quality)
 -implemented better (faster) C2P converter
   (adapted version of a routine by Mikael Kalms)
 -added option
                -waitd
                   (requested by Steve Chapple)
 -added option
                -noinput
                   (requested by Eckhard Ludwig)
 -fixed break signal handling
   (during playback Ctrl-C forces YP to quit in a clean way)
v0.99 (Wed 19-Nov-97)
 -added options
                -noborders
                -windowleft
                -windowtop
                  (hello to Eckhard Ludwig!)
 -break signals (like Ctrl-C) could cause serious problems
  (resources were not freed!) now they are simply ignored :-)
 -'pubscreen-window' doesn't use WFLG_GIMMEZEROZERO anymore
 -CyberGfx custom screen now also uses WFLG_SMART_REFRESH|WFLG_NOCAREREFRESH
  (had only forgotten it; should play faster now!)
 -frame numbers on 24bit display were broken
```

```
v0.98 (Sun 21-Sep-97)
 -implemented
                CyberGfx
                 support
  (thanks to all Beta-testers for the bugreports and suggestions!)
v0.97 (Thu 07-Aug-97)
 -fixed some little bugs:
   -DeltaModulo_LONG used wrong destination! (very bad one)
   -'hardware-display' ZOOM/DITHER with width==32 works now (hi Eksec!)
   -frame numbers appear only if display is large enough
v0.96 (Sun 20-Jul-97)
 -15bit 'Discrete RGB' and 'Discrete RGB 2' renderers optimized
 -fixed a little bug that could cause (harmless) Enforcer hits when
   playing anims that were created by some older Wildfire versions
 -more statistics output if only one anim was played ("TOO SLOW/FAST")
v0.95 (Wed 09-Jul-97)
 -fixed 'Discrete RGB' renderers for odd frame heights
v0.94 (Sun 29-Jun-97)
                YAFA-Extensions-2
                 determined
 -support of TrueColor anims, three different ways of
                rendering
   new options
                -gray
                -drqb
                 and
                -drgb2
                gfxlib-display
                 now uses Video Overscan dimensions which are not
   affected by Overscan Preferences
v0.93 (Wed 28-May-97)
 -added option
                -fps
                   (playback speed (nearly) independend of video frame rate)
 -more "-verbose" information
   (video frame rate, anim nominal FPS)
v0.92 (Mon 26-May-97)
                gfxlib-display
                 improved:
    -option "-wait" works
    -no more trash between two anims in batch mode
 -fixed options parsing behind "-batch" option
v0.91 (Mon 17-Mar-97)
 -frame numbers on display (HELP key)
 -fixed sample player bug that was introduced in v0.89
```

```
v0.90 (Thu 06-Mar-97)
 -major speedup for the
                hardware-display
                  (thanx to Bernd Rösch for the tip!)
v0.89 (Sat 01-Mar-97)
 -code cleanup and optimization
 -SeekAsync() fixed (finally?)
 -when launched by
                Wildfire
                 then the requesters open on the Wildfire screen
 -single frame step added (RETURN key)
v0.88 (Thu 26-Dec-96)
 -added "-fastXPK" unpacking routine for xpkRAKE
  (the original routine in the library modifies the packed data,
  this leads to checksum errors when using YP's "-caching" mode!)
v0.87 (Mon 11-Nov-96)
 -Workbench-startup added (featuring multiselect and tooltypes)
 -fixed "SeekAsync"-bug
 -implemented support for extended Delta-Compression format
  (one or two start-frames as delta-to-empty-frame or plain image)
v0.86 (Tue 29-Oct-96)
 -'-info' caused returncode 20
 -'-nodeactivate' was always on
 -fixed internal XPK routines using the original source codes
 -'-fastXPK' is now an official feature
v0.85 (Thu 26-Sep-96)
 -Aminet release
```

(no consistent history available) many versions with lots of fixes and new features.

first version December 95, used for 'Dataworld' release at The Party 95

1.20 YP/Copyright, Disclaimer

Copyright

YP is Copyright (c) 1996-1998 by Michael Henke. All rights reserved. Commercial use is prohibited, if you want to use it for commercial purposes you have to get an explicit permission from the author first.

YP is released as FREEWARE. It is allowed to charge a fee to recover distribution costs, but no profit may be made by selling or otherwise distributing the program. It is not allowed to distribute YP without this documentation. Modified versions of the program may not be distributed. It is not allowed to disassemble or otherwise reverse engineer the program. If you are interested in the source code please contact the author

Disclaimer

No guarantee is given nor implied that this program is fit for any use. The program and the information within this text are provided on "AS-IS" basis. The entire risk as to its quality and performance is with the user. In no event will the author be liable for direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages resulting from any defect in the program. The author reserves the right to make changes to the program or the documentation without notice.

1.21 YP/Author

Main code and YAFA format development

```
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```

Additional code and author of "WildFire - The animation processor", creator of "DataWorld" - the animation demo released at "The Party 1995"

Andreas Maschke (WK-Artworks)

1.22 YP/Option -pubscr

-pubscr (-ps) <name>

.<name> (case-sensitive!) is the name of the public screen

```
\cdot\,if the specified screen can't be found then the default public screen will be used instead
```

•the window will open in the top left corner of that screen

•this display mode is quite slow on AGA

screens but plays smoothly

on

CyberGfx screens

1.23 YP/Option -modelD

```
-modeID (-mid) <hex number or 'req'>
·open a custom screen for playback
(see also: Display types
                AGA
                 and
                CyberGfx
                )
•the modeID is a hexadecimal number, don't use any prefixes (like $ or 0x)
\cdot if 'req' (without the quotes) or an unavailable modeID is specified an ASL
screenmode requester opens
·to get the modeID of a certain screen mode use 'req' and the
option
                -verbose
                                                       0
                •examples: LoRes
           HiRes-Laced
                                    8004
           Multiscan Productivity 39024
```

1.24 YP/Option -info

-info (-i)

1.25 YP/Option -wait

```
-wait (-w)
```

•open a black screen before the first and after the last anim, continue with <Space>

·useful for video recording because you know exactly when the anim starts

•works on

AGA hardware and custom screens only

see also option
 -waitd

1.26 YP/Option -waitd

-waitd (-wd)

```
•YP waits for the break signal Ctrl-D after having opened and pre-loaded
the animation(s), just before the display opens
•especially useful for starting the playback of an anim sequence
(using the
                        -batch
                        -mode) exactly "on cue"
•sending Ctrl-C instead of Ctrl-D quits YP, in case you decided
not to watch the show this time :-)
•see also option
```

-wait

1.27 YP/Option -verbose

-verbose (-v)

 $\cdot \text{print}$ some information about the anim(s) and also some more warnings

1.28 YP/Option -stats

-stats (-st)

 \cdot print statistics (played frames, play time, frames-per-second) on exit

1.29 YP/Option -nodeactivate

```
-nodeactivate (-nd)
```

1.30 YP/Option -fastblit

```
-fastblit (-fb)
•use faster blitting routine for copying image data into the window,
this usually leads to even more 'flickering'
.
AGA
    public screen window only (option
    -pubscr
```

1.31 YP/Option -scale

)

-scale (-sc)

•make the window resizeable, the anims are scaled to the current window size
which is quite slow (thats why it's optional)

1.32 YP/Option -noborders

-noborders (-nb)
•the window will open without borders, dragbar, gadgets

(useful for playing inside a background picture)

 •public screen window only (option -pubscr)

1.33 YP/Option -windowleft

1.34 YP/Option -windowtop

1.35 YP/Option -noinput

```
-noinput (-ni)
```

•all inputs in the player window (keystrokes, window (de-)activation) are ignored. the palette of the public screen is not changed.
•the only ways to end YP are to send Ctrl-C or to limit the number of frames shown using

-lastframe
·public screen window only (option
-pubscr

1.36 YP/Option -fastXPK

)

-fastXPK (-fx)

```
·use YP's internal unpacking routines (currently for FAST, NUKE, RAKE, MASH)
instead of xpkmaster.library and the corresponding compressor libraries
·a significant speed increase can be achieved by this because using
xpkmaster.library results in some overhead:
 -open/close the compressor library for each XpkUnpack() (=every frame!)
 -checksum the packed data before unpacking it
the latter function can of course be considered as useful because it
avoids crashing the unpacking routine on corrupted data, but if you are
sure that a YAFA anim is not corrupted (after playing it without '-fx')
the risk of crashing YP's unpacking routines should be nearly 0 (ZERO :-)
•the unpacking routines used in YP are based on these compressors:
 -xpkFAST.library V1.06 (27-Jul-94) by Christian von Roques
 -xpkNUKE.library V1.1 (02-Nov-92) by Urban Dominik Müller
 -xpkRAKE.library V1.7 (06-Sep-95) by Karsten Dageförde
 -xpkMASH.library V1.98 (30-Mar-95) by Zdenek Kabelac
they were testet with many different files and seem to work well.
if you encounter problems with them (an anim plays without '-fx' but
crashes with it) then please contact
               me
```

```
and also specify which versions of xpkmaster.library and the compressor were used for packing.
```

1.37 YP/Option -firstframe

-firstframe (-ff) <number>

```
    the first frame of the anim to be played,
frames before this are skipped
```

1.38 YP/Option -lastframe

-lastframe (-lf) <number>

•the last frame of the anim to be played

```
\cdot\,{\rm can} be greater than the number of frames in the anim, playing will restart if necessary
```

1.39 YP/Option -speed

-speed (-s) <number>

•set the playing speed for the anim, overrides the value contained in the file

1.40 YP/Option -framespersecond

7	oerGfx creens YP us	es the	CIA t:	imer at	: a 50H	lz frec	quency	(PAL-like)
<pre>•due to the strict synchronization of the player with the video frames (double buffering is done by a VBlank IRQ) it is only possible to play at certain discrete FPS values depending on the frame rate of the monitor driver. here some examples: (FPS = VIDEO_HZ / SPEED)</pre>								
	speed 1 +							
50Hz (eg. PAL)		25	16.6	12.5	10	8.3	7.1	6.2
60Hz (eg. NTSC)	FPS 60	30	20	15	12	10	8.5	7.5
72Hz (eg. EURO72)	+ FPS 72							
	necessary (erbose utput) s 15" for ex	see	yields			st		

1.41 YP/Option -buffers

-buffers (-b) <number>

 \cdot set the number of frame buffers for the anim, default is 6

•the buffers are needed for smooth playing while loading from disk, the best number depends on several things (average loading speed, file system fragmentation, CPU and DMA speed etc.)

1.42 YP/Option -asyncbuff

-asyncbuff (-ab) <number>

 \cdot set the size of each of the two asynchronous load buffers for the anim, the number is in KBytes, default is 64

·large buffers can make loading faster (depends on drive, filesystem etc.), small buffers reduce memory usage but usually decrease loading performance

1.43 YP/Option -caching

-caching (-c)

 $\cdot \textsc{make}$ YP load the complete anim to memory before starting to play

1.44 YP/Option -loadall

-loadall (-l)

.

.

 $\cdot \textsc{make}$ YP load and XPK-decompress the complete anim before starting to play

1.45 YP/Option -zoom

-zoom (-z)

•perform realtime 2x2 zooming while playing

AGA hardware screen only

1.46 YP/Option -dither

-dither (-d)

 $\cdot perform$ realtime 2x2 zooming with simple dithering while playing

AGA hardware screen only

1.47 YP/Option -gray

-gray (-g)

1.48 YP/Option -discretergb

```
-discretergb (-drgb)

•render a "deep" anim (15 or 24 bits) to 8 bits "Discrete RGB"

(see also

tech stuff

)

•only on 8bit

displays
```

1.49 YP/Option -discretergb2

1.50 YP/Option -ham8

-ham8 (-h8)

NOTE: only these AGA monitor drivers support suitable resolutions:
-EURO36: Super-High Res (1280x200) -modeID 79020
-NTSC: Super-High Res (1280x200) -modeID 19020
-PAL: Super-High Res (1280x256) -modeID 29020
-SUPER72: 800 x 150 -modeID 89028

of course your choice is not restricted to these modes, but all other ones will give you a strange kind of "wide-screen" show. also note that there are no "double scan" modes (DBLPAL, MULTISCAN etc.) in the list above - bad luck for all you people with non-15kHz monitors.

1.51 YP/Option -ham6

-ham6 (-h6)

•render a "deep" anim (15 or 24 bits) to 6 bits "HAM6" (see also tech stuff) ·the anim appears four times wider on screen. to make it look like "Low Res" you have to use "Super-High Res". in the case no -modeID was specified YP does this on itself. •NOTE: only these AGA monitor drivers support suitable resolutions: -EURO36: Super-High Res (1280x200) -modeID 79020 Super-High Res (1280x200) -modeID 19020 -NTSC: -modeID 29020 Super-High Res (1280x256) -PAL: -SUPER72: 800 x 150 -modeID 89028 of course your choice is not restricted to these modes, but all other ones will give you a strange kind of "wide-screen" show. also note that there are no "double scan" modes (DBLPAL, MULTISCAN etc.) in the list above - bad luck for all you people with non-15kHz monitors.

1.52 YP/Option -module

-module (-mod) <file name> <start> <stop>

 $\cdot \mbox{the specified ProTracker module is loaded to Chip-RAM before anim playing starts$

-module playing starts/stops when the specified anim frames are reached (NOTE for

batch files
)

 modules are always loaded using XPK (so YP recognizes uncompressed and XPK- or PowerPacker-compressed files)

1.53 YP/Option -sample

 \cdot samples larger than 128 KBytes are not played correctly, this is due to some limitations in the AMIGA audio hardware

1.54 YP/Option -executable

```
-executable (-exe) <command> <start>
•the specified AmigaDOS command is executed when the anim frame <start>
is reached (NOTE for
               batch files
                )
•NOTE:
 use this with care when YP runs on
               AGA
                hardware or OS screen!
 the command may not do any output to a shell window,
 it may not do anything with windows and screens.
 (actually the complete Intuition system may not be used!
 see also
                tech stuff
                )
.if <start> is 0 (zero) the command is executed _before_ the player's display
```

is opened (it is allowed to use Intuition)

1.55 YP/Batch file example

This is an example of a batch file used by YP:

```
---cut here-----;
```

; comment lines have a ';' as first character ; empty lines are allowed too ; every (real) line contains one animation (and maybe anim options) ; sound options can be appended to every animation line ; NOTE: in batch files the start/stop frames for sounds ; are frame numbers in the whole anim sequence ; rather than frame numbers of individual anims ram:example1.yafa -c -lf 200 -mod ram:modl 1 500 ram:example2.yafa -z -ff 20 -lf 400 ---cut here-----

1.56 Infect! There is no medicine against.

You're looking for help?

Haha, LAMER!